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INTEGRATED CARE AND WELLBEING SCRUTINY PANEL

Day: Thursday

12 September 2019 Date:

6.00 pm Time:

Committee room 1, Tameside One Place:

Item No.	AGENDA	Page No
1.	APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE	
2.	MINUTES	1 - 4
	To approve as a correct record, the Minutes of the proceedings of the Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel held on 25 July 2019.	
3.	URGENT TREATMENT CENTRE	5 - 12
	The Panel to meet Trish Cavanagh, Chief Operating Officer, Tameside and Glossop Integrated Care NHS Foundation Trust to receive an update on the Urgent Treatment Centre in relation to patient journey and outcomes.	
4.	CORPORATE PLAN AND PERFORMANCE MONITORING	13 -16
	The Panel to meet Sarah Dobson, Assistant Director, Policy, Performance and Communications, to receive an update on the Corporate Plan and Performance Monitoring Framework.	
5.	BUDGET UPDATE	17 -54
	The Panel to meet Tom Wilkinson, Assistant Director of Finance, to provide in- year financial monitoring information and budget update.	
6.	CO-OPERATIVE COUNCILS	55 -56
	Simon Brunet, Head of Policy, Performance and Intelligence, to update members on the work undertaken in respect of Tameside Council joining the Co-operative Councils Innovation Network.	
7.	RESPONSE TO DOMESTIC ABUSE CONSULTATION	57 -58
	The Panel to receive the formal response submitted to the consultation on Domestic Abuse Services: Future Delivery of Support to Victims and their Children in Accommodation-Based Domestic Abuse Services.	
8.	CHAIR'S UPDATE	

The Chair to provide a verbal update on recent activity and future priorities for the Panel.

From: Democratic Services Unit - any further information may be obtained from the reporting officer or from Paul Radcliffe, Policy and Strategy Lead, to whom any apologies for absence should be notified.

Item	AGENDA	Page
No.		No

9. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

To note that the next meeting of the Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel will take place on Thursday 7 November 2019.

10. URGENT ITEMS

To consider any additional items the Chair is of the opinion shall be dealt with as a matter of urgency.

From: Democratic Services Unit – any further information may be obtained from the reporting officer or from Paul Radcliffe, Policy and Strategy Lead, to whom any apologies for absence

should be notified.

Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel 25 July 2019

Commenced: 6.00pm

Terminated: 7.20pm

Present: Councillors S Homer (Deputy Chair), Boyle, Cooper, Martin, Mills, Patrick, Welsh, Wild.

Apologies for absence: Councillors T Smith (Chair), Affleck, Drennan, Gosling, Jackson, Owen.

8. MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting of the Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel held on 13 June 2019 were approved as a correct record.

9. CHILDREN'S SERVICES IMPROVEMENT

The Panel welcomed Councillor Bill Fairfoull, Deputy Executive Leader (Children and Families); and Richard Hancock, Director of Children's Services, to provide an update on outcomes from the Ofsted inspection of Tameside Children's Services.

It was reported that the Ofsted re-inspection of Tameside Children's Services concluded on 24 May 2019. This was an unannounced 3 week inspection programme, with the final two weeks spent on site and inspectors located with social work teams and reviewing frontline practice and case files. The final judgement of 'Requires Improvement to be Good' was received across all four categories, which represents an improved position when compared to the 'Inadequate' judgement received in 2016.

Councillor Fairfoull informed members that this is an extremely positive step in the long-term improvement journey of Children's Services, with the aspiration for services to be good or better. Having improved the pace and effectiveness of service development, services are now in a position to ensure Ofsted feedback directly informs improvement priorities and monitoring going forward.

In summary, greater impact has been achieved more recently with a strengthened whole-council commitment to improve outcomes for children and young people. This is accompanied by a position of improved awareness and understanding to how well services are working. The Panel heard that self-assessments have proved incredibly useful when reviewing the standard of case work and the impact that an increasingly stable workforce is having on quality.

The presentation detailed Ofsted findings with regards to achievements and areas in need of further improvement. Mr Hancock touched upon the way a new multi-agency safeguarding hub (MASH) is ensuring that referrals with a safeguarding concern are dealt with quickly and appropriately. Challenges remain in achieving timely permanence for children in care, with a need to deliver more appropriate options and practice methods.

The next full inspection will take place within 3 years, with a number of focused visits to be scheduled and annual Ofsted conversations to continue. The Children's Improvement Board will meet on a bi-monthly basis with a newly appointed independent chair.

The Panel asked that with a reduction in the frequency of Ofsted monitoring what plans are in place to ensure that internal arrangements will be effective enough to continue delivering the

required level of service improvements.

Mr Hancock advised members that next steps are to update self-assessments and to ensure improvement plans are reviewed and updated in light of inspection findings. The service has taken learning from Ofsted feedback and it is now important to create a clear plan for the coming years to ensure the correct governance and oversight measures are in place.

The Chair advised members that since 2016 the Scrutiny Panel has continued to work closely with Children's Services to monitor outcomes for children and to remain informed of key challenges. This will continue with a need to ensure regular contact is maintained.

Resolved: That Councillor Fairfoull and Mr Hancock be thanked for attending the meeting.

10. RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF FOSTER CARERS

The Panel welcomed Councillor Bill Fairfoull, Deputy Executive Leader (Children and Families); and Richard Hancock, Director of Children's Services, to provide an overview of the recruitment and retention of foster carers in Tameside, to inform future activity.

Members received an overview presentation of fostering services in Tameside. This included a snapshot of current carers, the number of children receiving care and placements. The national picture shows there is a shortage of high quality foster carers and the local picture reflects this scenario. It is estimated that Tameside require 20 to 30 new foster carers and methods of recruitment can become challenging when taking account of the ways to attract and retain carers in a competitive market.

Resolved: That Councillor Fairfoull and Mr Hancock be thanked for attending the meeting.

11. CHAIR'S UPDATE

Having been agreed at the previous meeting held on 13 June, the Panel will progress activity to review the recruitment and retention of foster carers in Tameside. The Chair invited panel members to express an interest in establishing the new working group. The following members agreed to join the group.

- Cllr T Smith
- Cllr S Homer
- Cllr Martin
- Cllr Mills
- Cllr Owen
- Cllr Welsh

The Chair informed members that all relevant activity of the Council's Scrutiny Panels is routinely reported to the Council's Overview Panel, with a number of items to be presented at the next meeting on 29 July 2019. A section on this is to be included within the next monthly update email sent to all scrutiny members.

Resolved: Details of future working group meetings for the review to be circulated to members by email and as a calendar invitation.

12. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

To note that the next meeting of the Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel will take place on Thursday 12 September 2019.

13. URGENT ITEMS

The Chair reported that there were no urgent items for consideration at this meeting.

CHAIR





Tameside and Glossop Integrated Care NHS Foundation Trust



National Context



Redesigning Services

- The "Next Steps on the NHS Five Year Forward View (5YFV)" was published on 31 March 2017. This plan explains how the 5YFV's goals will be implemented over the next two years.
- Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) is one of the NHS' main national service improvement priorities, with focus on improving national A&E performance whilst making access to services clearer for patients.



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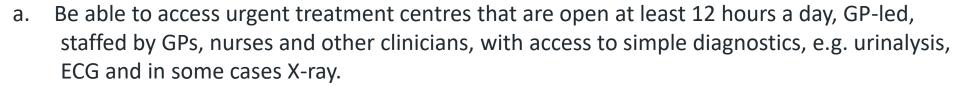
- Estimates suggest up to 3 million people who come to A&E each year could have their needs addressed elsewhere in the urgent care system.
- However patients have told us the range of alternatives available can be confusing Walk in Centres, Urgent Care Centres, Minor Injury Units and others with local names and all with differing levels of service. So A&E is understandably the default choice for many people unsure where to turn when they need urgent care or advice.
- Commonality of service provision under the Urgent Treatment Centre (UTC) name will increasingly end the current confusing range of options and simplify the system so patients know where to go and have clarity of which services are on offer wherever they are in the country.

www.england.nhs.uk/urgent-emergency-care/urgent-treatment-centres/



Redesigning Services

By December 2019 patients and the public will:



National Context

- Have a consistent route to access urgent appointments offered within 4hrs and booked through NHS 111, ambulance services and general practice. A walk-in access option will also be retained.
- c. Increasingly be able to access routine and same-day appointments, and out-of-hours general practice, for both urgent and routine appointments, at the same facility, where geographically appropriate.
- d. Know that the urgent treatment centre is part of locally integrated urgent and emergency care services working in conjunction with the ambulance service, NHS111, local GPs, hospital A&E services and other local providers.

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Local Context



Redesigning Services

During 2018 a public consultation exercise took place as part of the changes to Urgent Care Services.



 The outcome was the development of the UTC co-located with the Emergency Department at the Hospital site.

In addition there was extended access provided at other locations across Tameside & Glossop to increase the availability of access to Primary Care (GP appointments).

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UTC Development



Benefits of the Scheme

£1.3m Capital Development

- Refurbishment of space to create new Orthopaedic Outpatients
 Department completed December 2018.
- Creation of Urgent Care Zone adjacent to Emergency Department. Blue Zone completed December 2018.
- Increased capacity for the Emergency Department as "minors" omoved into this area freeing up capacity for more cubicles in the main ED.
- GP based in Blue Zone to support streaming of patients who were attending the Emergency Department but could have been treated in Primary Care.
- Walk-in-Centre closed at Ashton Primary Care Centre and activity transferred to the new facility which is now known as the UTC – completed May 2019.





UTC Development



Creating the Environment

£1.3m Capital Development

- Upgraded Orthopaedic Department with better facilities.
- Improved utilisation of estate and increased capacity for urgent care.
- © Creation of dedicated space for treatment of less serious conditions.
- Provided space for re-location of the Walk-In-Centre bringing Urgent Care Services together.
- Improved process for triaging and streaming for patients presenting at the Emergency Department to the most appropriate location and clinician.
- Increased capacity in the Emergency Department create more space for the sickest patients.









ASSESSMENT / TRIAGE

You may be assessed / triaged by the urgent care team and a range of questions are asked to aid clinical management and prioritisation to ensure patients with the highest needs are seen first. During triage patients may be:

- advised to see their own GP;
- referred to an alternative healthcare provider;
- advised on self-care management;
- advised to see a local pharmacist.





URGENT TREATMENT CENTRE

Our Urgent Treatment Centre can treat most injuries and illnesses that are urgent but not life-threatening. The team in the Urgent Treatment Centre may refer patients to the specialist team in the Emergency Department if necessary.

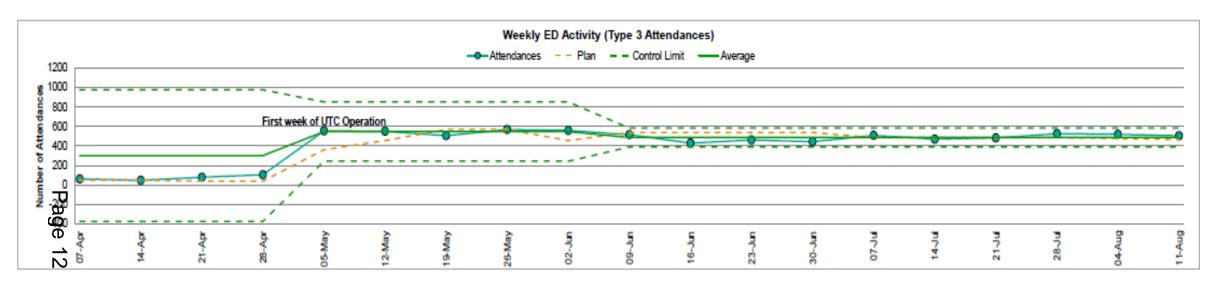
EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT

Please remember that the Emergency Department is here to deal with serious and life-threatening emergencies. To ensure that patients with the most serious injuries and illnesses are treated as quickly as possible other patients attending the Department may be directed to the Urgent Treatment Centre.

UTC Operational Performance

Tameside and Glossop Integrated Care

Attendances in UTC



Compliance with 4hr standard as @ 21/08/19

YTD - 99.89%

QTD- 100%

MTD- 100%





Transforming Tameside & Glossop

Our People - Our Place - Our Plan

For everyone every day



Starting Well

Living Well

Ageing Well

Priorities



There children are ready to learn and engouraged to thrive and develop

Reduce rate of smoking at time of delivery

Reduce the number of children born with low birth weight

Improve school readiness

Children attending 'Good' and 'Outstanding' Early Years settings

Take up nursery at 2yrs

Promote good parent infant mental health



Aspiration
and hope through
learning and moving
with confidence from
childhood to adulthood

Reading / writing / maths at Key Stage 2

Attainment 8 and Progress 8 at Key Stage 4

Young people going onto higher education

Children attending 'Good' and 'Outstanding' schools

Number of 16-19 year olds in employment or educated

Increase the proportion of children with good reading skills

Promote a whole system approach and improve wellbeing and resilience



Resilient families and supportive networks to protect and grow our young people

Early Help Intervention

Reduce the number of first time entrants into

Increased levels of fostering and adoption

Improve the quality of social care practice

Improve the placement stability for our looked after children

Reduce the impact of adverse childhood experiences



Opportunities for people to fulfil their potential through work, skills and

Increase median resident earnings

Increase the working age population in employment

Increase the number of people earning above the Living Wage

Increase number of enterprises / business start ups

Working age population with at least Level 3 skills

Increase the number of good quality apprenticeships delivered



Modern infrastructure and a sustainable environment that works for all generations and future generations

Improve air quality

Increase the number of net additional dwellings

Increase the number of affordable homes

Digital inclusion - average download speeds

Reduce tonnes of waste sent to landfill and increase the proportion recycled

Increase journeys by sustainable transport / non-car

Increase access to public transport



Nurturing our communities and having pride in our people, our place and our shared heritage

Increase participation in cultural events

Reduce victims of

Reduce the number of rough sleepers / homelessness

Improve satisfaction with local community

Victims of crime
/ fear of crime

Reduce levels of anti social behaviour

Increase access, choice and control in emotional and mental self-care and wellbeing



Longer and healthier lives with good mental health through better choices and reducing inequalities

Increase physical and mental healthy life expectancy

Improve the wellbeing for our population

Decrease smoking prevalence

Increase levels of physical activity

'Good' and 'Outstanding' GPs practices

Reduce drug and alcohol related harm



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Independence and activity in older age, and dignity and choice at end of life

Increase the number of people helped to live at home

Reduce hospital admissions due to falls

Increase levels of self-care / social prescribing

'Good' and 'Outstanding' social care settings

Prevention support outside the care system

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Great Place Vibrant Economy

Delivering the vision, aims and priorities of the Corporate Plan will be supported by a number of enablers and ways of working:

A **new relationship** between public services and citizens, communities and businesses that enables shared decision making, democratic accountability and voice, genuine co-production and joint delivery of services. Do with, not to.

An **asset based approach** that recognises and builds on the strengths of individuals, families and our communities rather than focussing on the deficits.

Behaviour change in our communities that builds independence and supports residents to be in control

A place based approach that redefines services and places individuals, families, communities at the heart

A stronger prioritisation of well being, prevention and early intervention

An **evidence led** understanding of risk and impact to ensure the right intervention at the right time

An approach that supports the development of **new investment and resourcing models**, enabling collaboration with a wide range of organisations.

Then	ne	Priority	Outcome	Metric	Current Position	Progress	Target 2020	Target 2025	Target 2030
			Reduce rate of smoking at time of delivery	% Smoking at time of delivery	14.60%	†	11.40%	10.50%	All expectant mothers to be supported to be smoke free at the time of delivery
		art on	Reduce number of children born with low birth weight	Low weight births as a % of all full term live births	3.29%	↔	2.78%	2%	All mothers and babies are supported to achieve a healthy start in life
		st St Wats	Improve school readiness	% achieving a 'good' level of development	65.70%	↔	68.90%	75%	All children start school ready to learn
		Very Best Start Debbie Watson	Children attending 'good' and 'outstanding' early years settings	% 3 & 4 YO's at 'good' or 'outstanding' EY settings	95%	↔	96%	98%	All children to attend good or outstanding early years settings
		Vel	Take up nursery at 2 Years	% 2 YO's in funded early education	85%	\	87.70%	95%	All eligible 2 year olds benefit from funded early years education
			Childhood Obesity	% of children in year 6 who are overweight or obese	36%	↑	35.50%	34%	All children to be a healthy weight at the end of Year 6
			Promote good parent infant mental health	% of new mums that receive a health visit	92%	↑	94%	97%	All new mums receiving good quality postnatal care
			Reading / Writing / Maths at Key Stage 2	% students achieving KS2 expected standard	64%	↑	65.40%	70%	All children to be provided with the
			Key Stage 4 attainment	Average attainment 8 score	43.9	1	45.7	50	opportunity to achieve their full
			Troy stage 4 attainment	% achieving Grade 4 or above in English & Maths GCSEs	62.1%	↔	64.20%	70%	educational potential
		Hope an	Young people going into higher education	% KS4 going into/remaining in further education	83%	\	84%	90%	All young people going into/remaining in further education after KS4
		⊸ ઍ ⊱	Children attending 'good' and 'outstanding' schools	% Primary schools 'good' & 'outstanding'	89.30%	\	92.50%	95%	All children attending a good or outstanding primary school
		atio n Bc		% Secondary schools 'good' & 'outstanding'	73.30%	↑	75.58%	80%	All children attending a good or outstanding secondary school
30	Aspirations Tim Bown		Number of 16-19 year olds in employment or education	% 16 & 17 YO's in education or training	92.43%	↑	93.50%	95%	All 16 & 17 year olds in education or training
Richard Hambeck				% KS2 achieving expected reading standard	73%	↑	75%	80%	All children to be provided with the opportunity to achieve their full educational potential
Sich			Promote a whole system approach and Improving wellbeing and resilience	Mean worthwhile ratings (adults 16 and over)	7.86	↑	7.91	8.5	All residents 16+ feel that the things they do in life are worthwhile
				CAFs currently open	662	N/A	To be de	eveloped	All vulnerable families receive the hel
M Br		Networks	Reduce the number of first time entrants into Youth Justice	First Time Entrants into Youth Justice aged 10-17	306.9	↑	243.3	212.9	they need No young people entering the youth
Starting Well -		Supportive No Morris	Increased levels of fostering and adoption	% LAC adopted in year	12%	V	13%	18.60%	justice system All looked after children provided with the opportunity to be adopted, where i of benefit to the young person, withir
		& ?	Improve the quality of social care practice	CS Audits Rated 'Good' & 'Outstanding'	20%	↓	25%	50%	the year All Children Social Care audits rated good or outstanding
		Families Tra	Improve the placement stability for our looked after children	% of LAC with 3+ placements	8%	↑	5%	2.50%	All our looked after children are in saf and stable placements
Ш				LAC rate per 10,000	139	↑	122	99.1	Children are supported to stay in the family environment where it is safe ar
erse		Resilient	Reduce the impact of adverse childhood experiences	CSC Referrals related to domestic abuse	2757	↑	2482	2000	possible to do so No CSC referrals related to domestic abuse
			Increase median resident earnings	Median Annual Income	£24,405	1	£26,819	£27,492	The median annual income to be in lir
allá		Φ	Increase the working age population in employment	Percentage in Employment	73.6%	↔	75.40%	78%	with the England average All people who can work are in work
Economy - Jayne		& Enterprise Berry	Increase the number of people earning above the Living Wage	% earning below living wage foundation rates	27%	No previous data to make judgement	24.40%	22.90%	All employees earning at least the Living Wage
	s Williams	Skills & David B	Increase number of enterprise / business start-ups	New enterprises (percentage of total businesses)	12.36%	↓	15.94%	18.97%	Tameside is recognised as a vibrant economy where entrepreneurs are supported to start new businesses

delivered Number of apprenticeships started 2050 2100 2310 23	national average hticeships are available to all that seek them hity to be good and at least be in line with the UK average e agreed seholds to have access to high internet services busehold waste recycled where possible side is a walking/cycling friendly borough esidents with Level 4 access to transport network at peak times
Increase the number of net additional dwellings Increase the number of affordable homes Net Additional Dwellings per 10,000 10,000	line with the UK average e agreed seholds to have access to high internet services busehold waste recycled where possible side is a walking/cycling friendly borough
Reduce tonnes of waste sent to landfill and increase the proportion recycled Increase journeys by sustainable transport/no car Percentage of all waste recycled % population walking / cycling 3+ times a week 52.4% 40.5% ↑ 43.20% 47%	e agreed seholds to have access to high internet services busehold waste recycled where possible side is a walking/cycling friendly borough
Reduce tonnes of waste sent to landfill and increase the proportion recycled Increase journeys by sustainable transport/no car Percentage of all waste recycled % population walking / cycling 3+ times a week 52.4% 40.5% ↑ 43.20% 57.78% Tames	internet services busehold waste recycled where possible side is a walking/cycling friendly borough esidents with Level 4 access to
Reduce tonnes of waste sent to landfill and increase the proportion recycled Increase journeys by sustainable transport/no car Percentage of all waste recycled % population walking / cycling 3+ times a week 52.4% 40.5% ↑ 43.20% 47%	pusehold waste recycled where possible side is a walking/cycling friendly borough esidents with Level 4 access to
Increase journeys by sustainable transport/no car % population walking / cycling 3+ times a week 40.5% ↑ 43.20% 47%	side is a walking/cycling friendly borough esidents with Level 4 access to
	esidents with Level 4 access to
Increase acces to nublic transport	
Increase participation in cultural events # cultural events (arts & engagement team) 398	500
# participants/spectators at above events # participants/spectators at above events 50931	65977
Reduce victims of domestic abuse Rate of PPIs per 1000 33.8 ↓ 31.8 25.1	eside has low rates of domestic abuse
Reduce the number of rough sleepers/nomelessness Street counts & estimates of rough sleepers	dy sleeping rough on the streets of Tameside
Improve satisfaction with local community Mean life satisfaction ratings 7.66 ↑ 8 8.5 Maintal National States 1.5	ain mean life satisfaction at 8.5
Victims of crime/fear of crime Crime rates per 1000 135.6 ↓ 128.8 96.6 Tam ACR Crime rates per 1000	neside is a low crime borough
Reduce levels of anti-social behaviour ASB Crime rates per 1000 21.9 Increase access, choice, and control in emotional and mental land	neside is a low crime borough rone has access to good quality
To self-care and wellbeing IAPT Referrals IAPT Referrals 9435 ↑ 9906.8 12383.4	mental health services
(I) A Uncrease physical and mental healthy life experiancy of hirth	thy life expectancy to be in line with the England average
	ntain mean happiness ratings above 8
Prevalence of smoking, 18+. Survey Data 16.80% 14.40% 11%	side and Glossop are smoke free areas
Increase levels of physical activity % of population 'inactive' (<30m exercise a week) 31.40% ↑ 27.10% 25.20% All residues to the control of the contro	idents are physical active where possible
Good' and 'Outstanding' GPs practices CQC Audit Results: % good or outstanding 97.40% → 98% 100% All GF	P practices to be rated good or outstanding by CQC
Admission rate for alcohol related harm per 100k 2741	I harm rates are low and support is available
Deaths from drug misuse per 100k 5.1 4.3 4	nisuse rates and low and support is available
Increase the number of people helped to live at home Funded 65+ in residential/nursing homes per 100k 667.3 ↑ 626.5 585.6 residential	those in most in need access lential/nursing care at the right point for them
Increase the number of people helped to live at home Funded 65+ in residential/nursing homes per 100k Reduce hospital admissions due to falls Emergency admissions for falls 65+ per 100k Emergency admissions for falls 65+ per 100k 2126.5 Contract the number of people helped to live at home Funded 65+ in residential/nursing homes per 100k Emergency admissions for falls 65+ per 100k Emergency admissions for falls 65+ per 100k	gency falls in the 65+ age group are low
	neside and Glossop is a place people are supported to self care
Good' and 'Outstanding' social care settings CQC Audit Results: % good or outstanding 73% ↑ 75% 80%	dential/nursing settings are rated good or outstanding
Prevention support outside the care system Number of people supported outside the social care system with prevention based services * Where available data will be provided at the Tameside & Glossop level for heath related indicators. All people supported outside the social care system with prevention based services	ople are supported to remain in the community

^{*} Where available data will be provided at the Tameside & Glossop level for heath related indicators.

Tameside and Glossop Integrated Financial Position

financial monitoring statements



Caretogether

Tameside and Glossop

Clinical Commissioning Group

Tameside and Glossop

Integrated Care

NHS Foundation Trust

Period Ending 30th June 2019

Integrated Financial Position Summary Report	
Economy Wide Financial Position	3
Tameside and Glossop Integrated Commissioning Fund	4 - 6
Integrated Care Foundation Trust	7
Targeted/Trust Efficiency Plan	8

Appendix 1 – Detailed Service Budget Analysis

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Note:

The values in this report have been presented in £'000s. All values reconcile exactly in it lowest denomination, however, on presentation there may be some minor rounding differences in the variance calculations as a result of reporting the values at a higher level.

Tameside & Glossop Integrated Economy Wide Financial Position

£3,317k

ICF Position Improvement

significant favourable The variance relates primarily to an in the forecast increase income from the dividend Council's strategic investment in Manchester Airport Group, following notification of the July dividend payment. The level of dividend to be received in 2019/20 is not guaranteed and thisoprojection will be revised on an ontification of the second dividend payment is received in December 2019.

This report covers all spend at Tameside & Glossop Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG), Tameside Metropolitan Borough Council (TMBC) and Tameside & Glossop Integrated Care Foundation Trust (ICFT). It does not capture any Local Authority spend from Derbyshire County Council or High Peak Borough Council for the residents of Glossop.

Message from the DOFs

As we reach the end of the first quarter of the financial year, we have a good opportunity to take stock and reflect on some of our recent achievements. The ICFT has agreed financial control totals, while the CCG, Local Authority and many other organisations, have moved into Tameside One – a physical representation of our joined up working to prioritise population health and continue with the innovative work under the Care Together umbrella. We continue to receive positive exposure at both a local level, and nationally, with nominations and successes at both the HSJ awards, and the MJ awards. The CCG has recently been rated as outstanding in its annual NHS England assessment, receiving the highest rating of green in the Finance and leadership category – again, demonstrating how well our system of integration is working.

Whilst there is clearly cause for celebration and lots of good reasons to be optimistic, we need to acknowledge the scale of the financial challenge the economy still faces. In the short term we need to close the financial gap and achieve TEP targets in 2019/20. Longer term we need to acknowledge that Local Authority funding from central government will continue to reduce and that non-recurrent transformation funding will come to an end. Against this backdrop our challenge will be to continue providing award winning services at the same time as balancing the budget.

	Forecast Position					
Forecast Position £000's	Net Budget	Net Forecast	Net variance			
CCG Expenditure	418,891	419,707	(816)			
TMBC Expenditure	196,803	198,189	(1,386)			
Integrated Commissioning Fund	615,694	617,896	(2,202)			
ICFT - post PSF Agreed Deficit	(5,686)	(5,686)	0			
Economy Wide In Year Deficit	(5,686)	(7,888)	(2,202)			

Tameside & Glossop Integrated Commissioning Fund

With a gross budget for 2019/20 in excess of £943m, as at month 3 the Integrated Commissioning Fund has a forecast net spend of £617,896k, against a net budget of £615,694k. The forecast overspend of £2,202k is primarily driven by Children's Services and CCG TEP shortfall, offset by contingency and capital financing. Favourable movements include CCG TEP, where £1,200k of cross year benefit in prescribing has been utilised in closing the gap and reducing the net risk, as well as the increased dividend income from Manchester Airport within the capital and finance directorate.

		Foi		Net Variance			
Forecast Position £000's	Expenditure Budget	Income Budget	Net Budget	Net Forecast	Net Variance	Previous Month	Movement in Month
Acute	214,594	0	214,594	215,072	(478)	0	(478)
Mental Health	37,207	0	37,207	37,189	18	0	18
Primary Care	85,460	0	85,460	85,366	94	0	94
Cp րtinuing Care	16,785	0	16,785	16,781	4	0	4
© mmunity	33,105	0	33,105	33,103	2	0	2
ener CCG	26,576	0	26,576	26,216	360	0	360
ÇÇG TEP Shortfall (QIPP)	0	0	0	816	(816)	(1,984)	1,168
G Running Costs	5,164	0	5,164	5,164	0	0	0
Adults	84,083	(46,750)	37,333	37,607	(274)	20	(294)
Children's Services	53,893	(5,337)	48,556	53,108	(4,552)	(4,258)	(294)
Education	27,977	(21,972)	6,005	6,066	(61)	(211)	150
Individual Schools Budgets	115,214	(115,214)	0	0	0	0	0
Population Health	16,262	(170)	16,092	16,372	(280)	12	(292)
Operations and Neighbourhoods	78,812	(28,185)	50,627	51,740	(1,113)	(841)	(272)
Growth	42,784	(33,915)	8,870	9,956	(1,086)	(530)	(556)
Governance	73,759	(64,565)	9,193	8,983	210	221	(11)
Finance & IT	6,218	(1,408)	4,809	4,801	8	0	8
Quality and Safeguarding	440	(304)	136	136	(0)	(0)	0
Capital and Financing	10,763	(6,647)	4,116	914	3,202	0	3,202
Contingency	5,674	0	5,674	3,904	1,770	1,393	377
Corporate Costs	8,272	(2,881)	5,392	4,603	789	659	
Integrated Commissioning Fund	943,042	(327,348)	615,694	617,896	(2,202)	(5,519)	3,317

Tameside & Glossop Integrated Commissioning Fund

Children's Services

Children's Social Care is forecast to overspend by £4,552k. The significant aspect of the projected variance relates to placements related expenditure. The number of looked after children when establishing the 2019/20 budget was 648 (December 2018), an all time high for Tameside and considered to be the peak. However, Members should note that the number of looked after children has since increased to 685 at 5 July 2019 – an increase of 5% during this period. The projection assumes the current cost of all existing placements for the remainder of the financial year with an assumption for a further net increase of 5 placements from July, again for the remainder of the year.

The directorate is evaluating a number of initiatives to reduce the number and related costs of looked after children, the details of which will be reported in future monitoring reports. These include:

- targeting earlier intervention to support children and families via existing embedded service initiatives such as edge of care and family group conferencing, stopping children entering care
- Tredesign of the Family Intervention Service to deliver intensive support at the early signs of mily breakdown, again to prevent children from entering care.
- Colear guidance and increasing seniority of oversight for the approval of residential placements to resource all other care options have been considered
- Detailed tracker developed to support improved management oversight of key areas of case progression such as Special Guardianship and the discharge of orders
- an urgent review of care provision sufficiency within the borough
- the implementation of a completed placements commissioning strategy review
- a review of the existing local authority residential estate for potential change of provision of one home to a short term assessment unit with a focus on either rehabilitation back to home and/or family or to support the identification of appropriate longer term placement arrangements
- the evaluation of an in borough planned / emergency respite unit to prevent family breakdown and admission to care
- a targeted senior management lead review of discreet cohorts of Looked After Children is now underway to ensure current placement arrangements, care plans and legal status are appropriate to need. This is focused initially on the 15 year plus cohort

In addition, the directorate senior leadership team are reviewing the number and duration of budgeted posts within the service to reduce the level of projected expenditure for vacant positions to deliver the vacancy savings target.

Acute

At this stage in the year it is too early to identify clear trends that may be emerging in secondary care, particularly as two of our associate providers have reported data quality issues.

Forecasts include YTD high cost patient costs at Pennine Acute, as well as The Christie.

is showing Data an over performance in Ophthalmology in the independent sector. A block contract was agreed with Manchester FT (MFT) in 19/20 in order to manage demand and expenditure in this area. Further investigations will take place to understand this issue and ensure referrals are appropriate and where possible directed to MFT, avoiding any duplication payment. A deep dive report, updating on this issue will be taken to FQAG in August.

Whilst some planning provision was made to clear RTT in 19/20, the CCG has seen a 18.9% increase in people on the waiting list since March 18. This presents a risk to the CCG as this backlog is cleared.

Tameside & Glossop Integrated Commissioning Fund

		Foi	Net Variance				
Forecast Position £000's	Expenditure Budget	Income Budget	Net Budget	Net Forecast	Net Variance	Previous Month	Movement in Month
CCG Expenditure	418,891	0	418,891	419,707	(816)	(1,984)	1,168
TMBC Expenditure	524,151	(327,348)	196,803	198,189	(1,386)	(3,535)	2,148
Integrated Commissioning Fund	943,042	(327,348)	615,694	617,896	(2,202)	(5,519)	3,317
A: Section 75 Services	391,514	(46,820)	344,694	345,687	(993)	(5,493)	4,500
B: Aligned Services	301,764	(100,210)	201,554	198,698	2,856	136	2,720
C: In Collaboration Services	249,764	(180,318)	69,446	73,512	(4,065)	(162)	(3,903)
Integrated Commissioning Fund	943,042	(327,348)	615,694	617,896	(2,202)	(5,519)	3,317

Operations and Neighbourhoods

Pressures included in the focast include

- Shortfall in income from car parks (approx. £447K)
- Anticipated income from inappropriate use of bus lanes, however, this demonstrate that the cameras are acting as a successful deterrent.
- Although footfall has increased since the opening of Tameside One, until the public realm area is complete, income from the outdoor market remains under target.

Capital and Financing

The significant favourable variance relates to an increase in the forecast dividend income from the Council's strategic investment in Manchester Airport Group, following notification of the July dividend payment. The level of dividend to be received in 2019/20 is not guaranteed and this projection will be revised once notification of the second dividend payment is received in December 2019. In addition, the forecast interest to be earned from surplus cash deposits has increased as the average rate earned on deposits is higher than previously forecast.

Corporate Costs

Underspends are forecast due to an anticipated reduction of £565k in the contributions required to insurance reserves, following receipt of the actuarial assessment at the end of 2019/20. Other minor underspends relate to a forecast reduction in coroners costs and savings on AGMA contributions.

Growth

Significant budget pressures relate to a shortfall in income relating to Estates, particularly where rental income for industrial units is not being realised. Fee income from planning and building control is also less than budget.

In addition, forecast costs in Corporate Landlord exceed budget due to rents not being realised and additional forecast costs for utilities in respect of Tameside One.

Tameside Integrated Care Foundation Trust Financial Position

- Revenue The Trust has agreed a control with NHSI of c.£5.686m after Financial Recovery Fund (FRF) and Provider Sustainability Funding (PSF); for the financial period to 30th June 2019, the Trust has reported a net deficit of £1.456m post FRF and PSF, which is £24k below plan.
- Trust Efficiency Programme (TEP) the Trust has a TEP target in 2019/20 of £11.580m including carried forward schemes from 2018/19. During month 3 the Trust delivered £878k against a plan of £650k reporting an overachievement of c.£228k in month. The Trust is forecasting at month 3 to deliver c.£10.977m by the end of the year. Schemes are being developed across the Trust to mitigate the shortfall of c.£603k (5%).

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	Month 3			YTD			Annual
Financial performance metric	Plan (£000)	Actual (£000)	Variance (£000)	Plan (£000)	Actual (£000)	Variance (£000)	Plan (£000)
Normalised Surplus/(Deficit) before PSF & FRF	(£2,458)	(£2,434)	£24	(£7,060)	(£7,010)	£50	(£25,220)
PSF	£237	£237	£0	£709	£709	£0	£4,727
FRF	£741	£741	£0	£2,221	£2,221	£0	£14,807
Surplus/(Deficit) post PSF	(£1,480)	(£1,456)	£24	(£4,130)	(£4,080)	£50	(£5,686)
Capital Expenditure	£284	£273	(£11)	£697	£392	(£305)	£4,487
Cash and Equivalents	£1,220	£1,136	(£84)				£1,220
Trust Efficiency Savings	£650	£878	£228	£1,854	£1,923	£69	£11,580
Use of Resources Metric	3	3		3	3		3

- Agency cap The Trust has an agency cap of c.£9.454m, but a plan of £7m. During Month 3 the Trust spent £529k against a plan of £575k, reporting an underspend of £46k and reporting below the cap
- Capital Capital expenditure is behind plan by c.£305k (A) year to date
- Cash The cash balance was £84k better than plan at the end of Month 3.

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APPENDIX 1 – Strategic Commissioner Detailed Analysis

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Local Authority Savings Progress

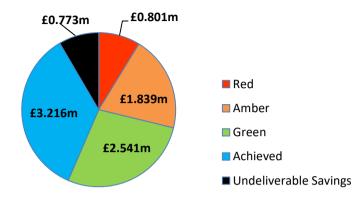
SAVINGS PROGRESS

The 2019/20 Revenue Budget, approved by Full Council on 27 February 2019, included savings targets in respect of a vacancy factor, additional fees and charges, and savings to be delivered by management. Combined with savings identified in previous years, the total savings target for the Council in 2019/20 is £8,420k.

Vacancy Factor - The total vacancy factor for the year is £2,387k. As at the end of period 3, total underspends relating to vacant posts were £2,455k, therefore overachieving the annual target.

Other Savings – Planned savings of £773k have been identified, at this stage, as unlikely to be delivered and are not included in the total forecast savings at month 3. Savings in excess of target are forecast in some areas, resulting in total forecast savings of £8,397k against the opening target of £8,420k. Savings of £3,016k have already been achieved.

Savings 19/20



Φ N O Directorate	Opening Target £000s	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000s	Amber £000s	Green £000s	Achieved to date £000s	Total forecast savings £000s
Adults	1,778	445	0	1,260	73	0	1,333
Children's Services	696	0	696	0	0	0	696
Children's - Education	235	5	5	125	0	230	360
Population Health	375	95	0	225	55	0	280
Operations and Neighbourhoods	1,217	0	100	5	738	374	1,217
Growth	285	207	0	0	78	0	78
Governance	1,125	2	0	224	347	552	1,123
Finance & IT	192	0	0	0	128	64	192
Quality and Safeguarding	10	0	0	0	10	0	10
Capital and Financing	1,764	12	0	0	1,112	1,260	2,372
Contingency	100	0	0	0	0	100	100
Corporate Costs	643	7	0	0	0	636	636
Total	8,420	773	801	1,839	2,541	3,216	8,397

Local Authority Pressures

PRESSURES

The 2019/20 Council Revenue Budget included funding for pressures across the services of £20,166k. As at month 3 total forecast pressures have increased across a number of areas as set out below. Further narrative on increased pressures in each area is included in the narrative for each service later in this report. The main reduction in pressures relates to funding setting aside for increased staffing costs as a result of the implementation of the new NJC pay structure on 1 April 2019. This funding will be used to offset pressures in other areas.

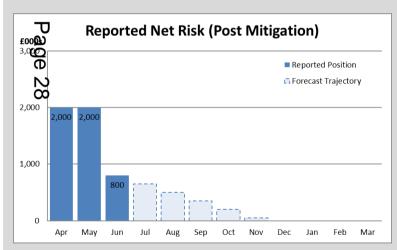
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Directorate	Pressures funded in budget £000s	Pressures materialised to date £000s	Total pressures forecast £000s	(Increase)/dec rease in pressures £000s
Adults	1,401	313	1,401	0
Children's Services	9,300	0	13,852	(4,552)
Children's - Education	631	171	982	(351)
Population Health	67	0	67	0
Operations and Neighbourhoods	1,501	1,026	1,725	(224)
Growth	741	573	841	(100)
Governance	903	210	847	56
Finance & IT	185	46	185	0
Quality and Safeguarding	0	0	0	0
Capital and Financing	242	242	242	0
Contingency	5,001	1,362	4,417	584
Corporate Costs	194	15	139	55
Total	20,166	3,959	24,698	(4,532)

2019/20 Financial Risk & TEP Update: M3 – June 19



- The CCG has a Targeted Efficiency Plan (TEP, also known as QIPP) target for 2019/20 of £11m.
- In submitted plans at the start of the year, the CCG reported that financial control totals would be met, but that there was material risk (£2m) associated with this.
- Based on the latest assessment of TEP achievement, we have reduced this risk down to £800k at M3. This is largely as a result of cross year benefits on Prescribing and Continuing Care, where the impact of winter was less severe than anticipated when our final 2018/19 position was calculated.



- As shown in the chart below we are optimistic that over the next few months we will be in a position to further reduce reported risk.
- The trajectory above assumes that net risk can be reduced internally using CCG resources. However, as part of our wider Integrated Commissioning Fund (ICF), the CCG has entered into a risk share agreement with TMBC. This would allow the Local Authority to

- increase contributions into the pooled budget, in order to balance the CCG position on a non-recurrent basis if required.
- Any increase in council contribution this year would result in an increased CCG contribution in future years. Therefore it is not appropriate to use the ICF as justification to reduce reported net risk in 2019/20.
- The table below summarises expected achievement at M3, together with a comparison to the position reported last month:

Planned Savings (before application of optimism bias)

	Recurrent	Non	Total	Prior Month	Movement
		Recurrent			
High Risk	1,409,667	100,000	1,509,667	1,774,667	-265,000
Medium Risk	1,990,000	1,200,000	3,190,000	4,117,000	-927,000
Low Risk	1,385,848	3,406,904	4,792,752	5,319,890	-527,138
Saving Posted	1,403,969	2,241,626	3,645,595	1,458,927	2,186,668
Total	6,189,484	6,948,530	13,138,014	12,670,484	467,530

Expected Savings (after application of optimism bias)

	Recurrent	Non	Total	Total	Movement
		Recurrent			
High Risk	140,967	10,000	150,967	177,467	-26,500
Medium Risk	995,000	600,000	1,595,000	2,058,500	-463,500
Low Risk	1,385,848	3,406,904	4,792,752	5,319,890	-527,138
Saving Posted	1,403,969	2,241,626	3,645,595	1,458,927	2,186,668
Total	3,925,784	6,258,530	10,184,314	9,014,784	1,169,530

QIPP Target 11,000,000 11,000,000 0

Savings Still to Find 815,686 1,985,216 1,169,530

Value of savings about which we are certain (i.e. blue & green schemes)

8,438,347

Adults Services (A)

Adults	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Adults - Out of Hours Team	158	0	158	30	137	21
Adults Senior Management	2,321	(1,159)	1,162	(2,890)	272	890
BCF	9	(20,339)	(20,330)	(10,868)	(20,330)	0
Community Response Service	1,172	(688)	484	(415)	575	(91)
Funded Nursing Care	1,930	(1,930)	0	490	0	0
Homecare - Support at Home	7,931	(6,031)	1,900	1,237	2,116	(216)
Improved Better Care Fund	1,633	(1,633)	0	257	0	0
Joint Commissioning Service	3,677	(1,221)	2,456	329	2,404	52
Localities	8,738	(150)	8,587	2,476	8,582	5
L on g Term Support	6,980	(416)	6,564	1,841	7,577	(1,013)
Mental Health	3,882	(486)	3,396	843	3,477	(82)
Reablement	2,441	0	2,441	510	2,557	(116)
Residential & Nursing Placements	26,540	(9,389)	17,151	5,009	17,249	(98)
Sensory Services	293	(49)	244	70	247	(2)
Shared Lives & Property Management	2,565	(717)	1,848	179	1,817	31
Supported Accomodation	11,546	(2,494)	9,052	1,582	9,052	0
Urgent Integrated Care	2,268	0	2,268	501	1,923	345
TOTAL	84,083	(46,702)	37,381	1,181	37,655	(274)

BUDGET VARIATIONS

The net variance reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

Underspends:

£253k - Increased income across Adults- from Residential & Nursing placements & fairer charging

BUDGET VARIATIONS

Pressures

(£82k) - Overspend on out of hours and agency staff due to lag in permanent recruitment

SAVINGS

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Savings Performance:

- (£125k) Review of out of borough LD placements: currently not projected to make this saving but identifying placements to meet this target as there is scope
- (£79k) Oxford Park: will not be delivered as scheme has been delayed
- (£70k) Review of residential placements: currently not projected to make this saving but identifying placements to meet this target as there is scope
- (£170k) Review of manual handling single handed: currently not projected to make this saving but identifying packages to address the projected shortfall

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Review of out of borough LD placements	125	125					0
Oxford Park	79	79					0
Review of residential placements	191	71		120			120
Review of manual handling	540	170		370			370
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	551			551			551
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	292			219	73		292
Total	1,778	445	0	1,260	73	0	1,333

Children's Services – Children's Social Care

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Children's Services	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Assistant Executive Director - Children's	1,400	(2,009)	(609)	681	331	(940)
Specialist Services	32,330	(820)	31,510	7,498	35,172	(3,662)
Childrens Safeguarding	2,001	(10)	1,991	467	2,079	(88)
Early Help, Early Years & Neighbourhoods	3,638	(1,778)	1,860	872	1,763	97
Looked After Children	5,383	(28)	5,355	1,113	5,410	(54)
Child Protection & Children In Need	8,136	0	8,136	1,977	8,040	97
Youth Offending Team	1,005	(693)	312	165	315	(3)
TOTAL	53,893	(5,337)	48,556	12,773	53,108	(4,552)

BODGET VARIATIONS

The net variance reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

Pressures:

- (£310k) Additional expenditure assumed on legal costs
- (£473k) Skylakes contract expected that long term savings will be delivered through reduced placement costs, however at this stage the full effect of this is unlikely to fully realised until next financial year
- (£3,200k) Increased costs associated with increased number of looked after children

SAVINGS

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	676		676				676
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	20		20				20
Total	696	-	696	0	0	0	696

Children's Services – Education

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Education	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Access & Inclusion	16,100	(13,731)	2,369	3,952	2,632	(263)
Assistant Executive Director - Education	384	(89)	296	22	157	139
Schools Centrally Managed	2,596	(760)	1,836	2,780	1,711	125
Schools Centrally Managed - DSG Funded	(1,188)	1,191	3	(34,397)	3	0
School Performance and Standards	538	(294)	245	(83)	245	(0)
Pupil Support Services	9,546	(8,290)	1,256	1,413	1,318	(62)
T <u>O</u> TAL	27,977	(21,972)	6,005	(26,314)	6,066	(61)

BUESET VARIATIONS

The warriance is a net position and reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

Underspends:

- £139k There is a projected under spend in the overall Education service due to utilisation of grant funding and surplus budget identified to support pressures within the overall service.
- £79k Other minor variations.

Pressures:

- (£346k) SEN Transport the expected pressure has materialised. A further pressure of £346k is projected for the service in 19/20, for which £200k has been earmarked in contingency to address it, which has now been exceeded. The surplus budget on teachers retirement pension costs can be used to support part of this additional pressure.
- (£58k) Traded Services to academies saving not being achieved due to reduction in schools buying in to services.

Children's Services – Education



SAVINGS

Savings Performance:

- (£5k) Traded Services to academies saving not being achieved due to reduction in schools buying in to services.
- £125k There is further reduced demand on the budget for Teachers retirement pension costs. It is suggested that this additional saving is used towards the pressure occurring on SEN Transport.
- £0k The Central DSG grant saving has been achieved by reducing initial budget.

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Teded Services to Tameside schools and academies	5	5	5				5
Teachers Pension	130			125		130	255
Central DSG grant	100					100	100
Total	235	5	5	125	0	230	360

Population Health	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Public Health	16,262	(170)	16,092	3,032	16,372	(280)
TOTAL	16,262	(170)	16,092	3,032	16,372	(280)

BUDGET VARIATIONS

Pressures

The variance is a net position and reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

- (35k) Pennine Care contracts- inflation uplift
- (200k) Community Services contract- inflationary uplift due to revised grading on NHS pay scales (35k) – Minor Variations



Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Recommissioning of sexual health services	25			25			25
Integrated Drug and Alcohol services	200			200			200
Prescribing	28				28		28
Reduction to Active Tameside management fee	95	95	0				0
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	27				27		27
Total	375	95	0	225	55	0	280

Quality And Safeguarding G

Quality and Safeguarding	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Quality & Safeguarding - Adults	116	(32)	84	37	84	(0)
Quality and Safeguarding - Childrens	324	(272)	52	0	52	0
TOTAL	440	(304)	136	37	136	(0)

SAVINGS

Scheme P	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Cancy Factor 2019/20	8				8		8
Cancy Factor 2019/20 Fees & charges increase 2019/20	2				2		2
O1 Total	10	0	0	0	10	0	10

Operations and Neighbourhoods



Operations & Neighbourhoods	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Operations and Emergency Planning	1,298	(2,578)	(1,279)	(270)	(1,187)	(93)
Community Safety & Homelessness	5,388	(1,806)	3,582	39	3,582	0
Cultural and Customer Services	3,489	(292)	3,197	554	3,006	192
Design and Delivery	11,470	(9,650)	1,820	1,319	1,822	(2)
Environmental Services Management	31,305	(32)	31,273	31,440	31,345	(72)
Highways & Transport	8,874	(9,672)	(798)	911	5	(803)
Markets	1,040	(1,532)	(492)	(613)	(186)	(306)
Operations and Greenspace	5,979	(447)	5,531	1,114	5,516	16
Public Protection	3,633	(948)	2,685	428	2,629	56
Waste Management	5,890	(1,184)	4,706	2	4,743	(37)
Youth	446	(43)	403	70	466	(63)
TAT AL	78,812	(28,185)	50,627	34,992	51,740	(1,113)

BUDGET VARIATIONS

The net variation reflects a number of underspends and pressures across the service, including:

Underspends:

- £83k Saving on disposal of street sweepings expected to be achieved from January due to new method of disposal
- £791k -There are a number of vacancies across Operations and Neighbourhoods. Within Culture & Customer Services there have been difficulties with recruitment however, this service is getting closer to being fully staffed. There have also been some vacancies held for a period of time within the Call Centre and Customer Services to allow a full assessment of demand following the move into Tameside One. Within the engineers service there is a large level of vacancies however the saving on this is offset by additional spend on subcontractors. (This is net of the vacancy factor).

Pressures:

• (£710k) - There is a projected shortfall in income from car parks. Of this, (£447k) relates to the new Darnton Road car parks which is in part as a result of delays in these car parks becoming operational. A further (£150K) relates to the non delivery of charges being applied to additional car parks.

Operations and Neighbourhoods



BUDGET VARIATIONS

Pressures (continued):

- (£165k) The cameras on bus lanes are working well as a deterrent to stop people using the bus lanes inappropriately. However this means that there is a projected shortfall in expected income.
- (£224k) Due to the ongoing development of Ashton Town Centre, footfall is reduced and the market ground is suffering from a
 reduction in traders and therefore a shortfall in income is projected.
- (£50k) Additional costs anticipated surrounding the Tour of Britain event.
- (£29k) Final adjustment for 18/19 Waste Levy costs was more than expected.
- (£418k) Increased spend on subcontractors within the engineers service in order to maintain capacity.
- (£391k) Other Minor Variations including increases in skip charges, system upgrades within Transport Services and an increase in security costs for opening and closing the cemeteries.

SAVINGS

3/

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Recovery of expenditure from new car parks	100		100				100
LED Street Lighting	250				250		250
Review of contracts and purchasing - using STAR/Oxygen	50	0			8	42	50
Advertising on Vehicles	5			5			5
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	559				227	332	559
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	253				253		253
Total	1,217	0	100	5	738	374	1,217

Growth	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Development Growth & Investment	329	0	329	(188)	213	116
Employment & Skills	2,068	(882)	1,187	(182)	1,152	35
Estates	1,922	(2,684)	(762)	(303)	(289)	(473)
Investment & Development	2,062	(1,134)	928	196	926	2
Planning	1,170	(998)	171	32	463	(292)
Strategic Infrastructure	637	(188)	449	49	389	60
School Catering	2,784	(2,780)	4	(47)	104	(100)
Corporate Landlord	8,455	(2,260)	6,195	(374)	6,641	(446)
Environmental Development	447	(79)	369	65	357	12
UBSF, PFI & Programme Delivery	22,878	(22,878)	0	2,947	0	0
TOTAL	42,753	(33,883)	8,870	2,194	9,956	(1,087)

BUDGET VARIATIONS

The net variation reflects a number of underspends and pressures across the service, including:

Underspends:

- £423k Expenditure less than budget due to vacancies in the Estates team over achievement of income Hyde shopping centre and other minor variations
- £99k Expenditure less than budget due to vacancies in Planning and over achievement of income on Land charges
- £116k Expenditure less than budget due to vacant Assistant Director and under spend on computer software

Pressures:

Estates budget pressures relate to a shortfall in income due to a number of factors.

 (£866k) - There are several vacancies in the Estates team resulting in a reduction in the number of chargeable hours. There are several vacant industrial units and there are not enough staff to market industrial units and therefore the expected income is not being realised.



BUDGET VARIATIONS

There are budget pressure in Corporate Landlord

• (£416k) - Rental income for tenants in Tameside one will not be realised in the early years. This has been anticipated and will be funded from contingency. There is uncertainty around costs of operating Tameside One. This is reflected in high forecast spend for gas and electricity.

Planning Services

(£371k) - Fee income from planning and building control fees is less than budgeted. The new management arrangements are
reviewing the current service provision to assess how improvements in fee income can be made.

SAVINGS

Savings Performance:

- 60k) Growth savings of £60k will not be delivered in 2019/20 due to delays recruiting staff to review and staff to review and staff to review applications being made.
- (£147k) Increases in Fees and Charges will not be delivered due to staff vacancies and other issues dighlighted above.

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Sponsorship of events	2	0			2		2
Planning fees income	30	30					0
Review of rents and leases	30	30					0
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	76	0			76		76
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	147	147					0
Total	285	207	0	0	78	0	78

Governance	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Governance						
Executive and Business Support	1,726	(111)	1,615	338	1,459	155
Democratic Services	1,021	(289)	732	75	719	13
Governance Management	174	(88)	86	45	94	(8)
Legal	1,355	(82)	1,273	255	1,311	(38)
	4,275	(570)	3,705	713	3,583	122
Exchequer						
Exchequer Services	64,312	(62,736)	1,576	1,381	1,339	238
ָס	64,312	(62,736)	1,576	1,381	1,339	238
People & Workforce Development						
Reople and Organisational Development	3,723	(1,279)	2,444	290	2,602	(158)
	3,723	(1,279)	2,444	290	2,602	(158)
Marketing & Communications						
Policy, Performance and	1,713	(245)	1,468	335	1,459	9
Communications	1,713	(245)	1,400	333	1,459	9
	1,713	(245)	1,468	335	1,459	9
TOTAL	74,024	(64,830)	9,193	2,718	8,983	211

Underspends

The variance is a net position and reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

- £427k Employee related expenditure including training related expenses is less than budget due to a number of vacant posts and maternity across the service, Current recruitment to posts is ongoing
- £71k Other net minor variations across the individual services areas of less than £50k

Governance



Pressures:

- (£120k) Currently there is no projected draw down of the reserve funding in relation to Workforce Development Service review in 19/20
- (£87k) Projected Income is less than the budgeted Income target due to non take up of HR, Payroll and Recruitment and various other Income streams
- (£50k) Government Grant related Income is less than Budgeted Income target
- (£28k) Children and Adults Social Care workforce development costs are forecast to be in excess of budget and discussions are taking place with the Assistant Director of People and Workforce Development and the Service Directors

SAVINGS

Savings Performance:

• (ສາk) - Platinum Payment savings target of £50k will not be fully achieved, current forecast is £48k

© 4 1 Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Continuous Improvement	550					550	550
Oxygen Finance Project	50	2		46		2	48
Recovering of overclaims/old debts	175			175			175
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	347				347		347
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	3			3			3
Total	1,125	2	0	224	347	552	1,123

Finance and IT	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
<u>FINANCE</u>						
Financial Management	2,815	(538)	2,277	155	2,191	87
Risk Management & Audit Services	605	(224)	381	113	358	23
	3,420	(762)	2,658	268	2,549	109
<u>IT</u>						
Digital Tameside	2,798	(646)	2,151	669	2,252	(101)
	2,798	(646)	2,151	669	2,252	(101)
TOTAL	6,218	(1,408)	4,809	936	4,801	8
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BUDGET VARIATIONS

The net variance reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

Underspends:

- £156k Staffing underspends due to vacancies, timing of recruitment and staff having not taken up the pension option. This includes the combined vacancy factor of £128k.
- £78k Projected reduction in spend on Cashier related payment systems.
- £165k Projected additional MFD Income to the service.

Pressures:

- (£236k) The Corporate Costs budget covers equipment, software and maintenance for the Council's network, including security and backup software. It also covers the cost of operating system licence for laptops. The overspend is due to increased costs such as the operating system, extra power costs for the Data Centre, Wi-Fi and backup software as well as additional requirements for security systems.
- (£155k) Other minor variations below £50k.

SAVINGS

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Internal audit restructure	12					12	12
Central DSG grant	50					50	50
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	128				128		128
Fees & charges increase 2019/20	2					2	2
Total	192	0	0	0	128	64	192

Capital Financing, Contingency and Corporate Costs

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Capital Financing, Contingency and Corporate Costs	Gross Expenditure Budget £000's	Gross Income Budget £000's	Net Budget £000's	Actual to date £000's	Forecast £000's	Variance £000's
Capital and Financing	10,763	(6,647)	4,116	0	914	3,202
Contingency	5,674	0	5,674	1,818	3,904	1,770
Corporate Costs	8,272	(2,881)	5,392	755	4,603	789
TOTAL	24,709	(9,528)	15,182	2,573	9,421	5,761

BUDGET VARIATIONS

The variance is a net position and reflects a number of underspends and pressures including:

underspends:

£111k - Included within corporate costs are anticipated savings of £56k in respect of contributions to AGMA and £55k in respect of the coroners service.

- £565k Further to actuarial review in 2018/19 savings have been identified in relation to insurance provision.
- £80k It is anticipated there will be savings in the central costs contingency budget.
- £40k Other minor variations.
- £2,113k Anticipated income from investment in Manchester Airport Group
- £620k Revised Minimum Revenue Position (MRP) calculations
- £550k Anticipated reduction in interest costs due to planned borrowing not being taken up and revised interest projections
- £1,107k Release of contingency budgets to offset service overspends
- £663k Release of earmarked contingencies for identified pressures not funded through the budget process

Pressures:

(£69k) - Increase internal interest charges based on final 2018/19 figures

Capital Financing, Contingency and Corporate Costs



SAVINGS

Savings Performance:

- (£7k) Vacancy factor not achieved within Corporate Costs. This is offset by savings in the wider service.
- (£12k) Venture Fund no longer being progressed

Scheme	Savings Target 19/20 £000's	Not expected to be delivered £000s	Red £000's	Amber £000's	Green £000's	Achieved £000's	Total £000's
Venture fund	12	12					0
Treasury Investment Income	130				97	33	130
Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)	375					995	995
Capital Financing	232					232	232
Manchester Airport Investment (Exec Cabinet Approved Feb 18) £11m investment	1,015				1,015		1,015
Income Generation - Increased income from Council Tax Rates	100					100	100
Insurance review	150					150	150
External audit fees	69					69	69
AGMA/GMCA	302					302	302
Pensions Increase Act	90					90	90
Review of the Town Council support	25					25	25
Vacancy Factor 2019/20	7	7					0
Total	2,507	19	0	0	1,112	1,996	3,108

Capital Expenditure

	2019/20 Budget	Actual to Date	Forecast Outturn	Variance
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Growth				
Vision Tameside	7,204	811	7,204	0
Investment & Development	6,560	529	6,560	0
Estates	716	0	716	0
Operations and Neighbourhoods				
Engineers	12,322	2,619	10,843	(1,479)
Environmental Services	3,749	28	4,149	400
ந்ansport (Fleet)	260	69	260	0
nporate Landlord	(44)	5	112	156
Stronger Communities	27	0	27	0
প্রীildren's				
Education	11,224	27	10,405	(819)
Finance & IT				
Digital Tameside	2,597	258	2,857	260
Population Health				
Active Tameside	15,030	1,780	15,030	0
Adults				
Adults	583	0	583	0
Governance				
Exchequer	10	0	10	0
Total	60,238	6,126	58,756	(1,482)

Capital Expenditure

	2019/20 Budget £000	Actual to Date £000	Forecast Outturn £000	Variance £000
Education	11,224	27	10,405	(819)
Digital Tameside	2,597	258	2,857	260
Engineers	12,322	2,619	10,843	(1,479)

SIGNIFICANT SCHEMES AND BUDGET VARIATIONS

• **EDUCATION-** A number of variations have arisen where projected outturn is less than budget due to a number of requests for reprofiling into the 2020/21 financial year.

Rayner Stephens Academy (£0.473m) – Original proposals have been paused pending a further review of the accommodation at the school. This has resulted from the development of the sixth form provision at Cromwell, which impacts upon room use at Rayner Stephens.

Hyde Community College (£0.300m) – Current programme indicates a start on the works in Autumn 2019 and completion in Summer 2020. Further costs will be identified and reported at the next Strategic Capital Panel.

 DIGITAL TAMESIDE- The overspend relates to Wave 2 works undertaken by our Engineers team and £55k of supplier invoices, also related to Wave 2. The Wave 2 Grant has been delayed due to the wider bid gateway reviews that relate to other Greater Manchester authorities. It is expected to be finalised in Quarter 3

 ENGINEERS- A number of variations have arisen where projected outturn is less than budget due to a number of requests for

re-profiling into the 2020/21 financial year.

Hyde to Mottram and Hollingworth Cycle Scheme (£1.695m) – Highways England providing a specific grant of £1.950m to the council to provide facilities that promote sustainable travel options (walking and cycling) between Hyde and Hattersley. This grant covers the financial years up to 2020/21. During 2019/20 financial year, £0.250m is available for the feasibility, design and consultation elements of this project. £1.695m will be available in 2020/21 for construction and commissioning.

Hospital Car Parking (£0.216m) – There are additional costs for hospital car parking due to a condition being put in place by the planning department. The design team was asked to relocate the proposed access to the Darnton Road Car Park away from the existing nearby houses. This has resulted in a complete level redesign to comply with Disabled Access Regulations.

	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
Acute Commissioning	49,282	49,282	0	201,096	201,582	(486)
Tameside & Glossop ICFT	33,998	33,998	0	135,991	135,991	0
Manchester FT	7,853	7,658	194	32,922	32,727	194
Stockport FT	2,285	2,271	14	9,755	9,702	53
Salford Royal FT	1,522	1,619	(98)	5,865	6,019	(154)
Pennine Acute	885	914	(29)	3,496	3,640	(145)
The Christie	506	618	(112)	2,028	2,241	(213)
BMI Healthcare	618	673	(55)	2,473	2,593	(120)
Wrightington, Wigan & Leigh	176	175	1	974	973	1
Spamedica	301	337	(36)	1,204	1,360	(156)
Other Providers	1,140	1,019	120	6,390	6,336	54
Ambulance Services	2,353	2,353	0	9,450	9,447	3
Clinical Assessment &						
Treatment Centres	398	425	(27)	1,591	1,581	10
Collaborative Commissioning	126	137	(11)	141	144	(3)
High Cost Drugs	34	44	(10)	136	138	(2)
NCAS/OATS	500	500	0	2,000	2,000	0
Winter Resilience	78	-3	81	180	180	(0)
Total - Acute	52,772	52,739	33	214,594	215,072	(478)

- At this stage in the year it is too early to identify clear trends that may be emerging in secondary care, particularly as two of our associate providers have reported data quality issues. But forecasts above represent our best estimates using the information available and include some high cost patient costs at Pennine Acute and The Christie.
- We have concerns around elective and day case activity and a growth in the number of people on waiting lists. Whilst some planning provision
 was made to clear RTT in 19/20, the CCG has seen a 18.9% increase in people on the waiting list since March 18. This presents a financial
 risk to the CCG as while the backlog is cleared.
- During this month it has emerged that Manchester FT will be restricting new dermatology referrals from the 1st September 2019 to Manchester
 and Trafford only. This means that any T&G patients not being actively managed on their skin cancer pathway will all be discharged back to
 the care of their local dermatology provider. Patient numbers are low, so wo do not anticipate a significant impact in T&G, but nevertheless we
 want to monitor this situation over to next few months to safeguard against unintended consequences in the ICFT.
- Independent sector contracts are a key driver of overspend in the Acute forecast, with ophthalmology a key overspending specialty. An ophthalmology block was agreed with Manchester FT to manage demand and expenditure this year. Work is underway to understand how the independent sector overspend related to the block. A deep dive report, updating on this issue will be taken to FQAG in August.

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	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
Child & Adolescent Mental Health Improving Access To	149	150	(1)	288	288	0
Psychological Therapies	48	45	4	192	192	0
Learning Disabilities	169	169	0	663	663	0
Mental Capacity Act	32	32	(0)	127	127	0
Mental Health Contracts	6,573	6,573	(0)	26,021	26,021	0
Mental Health Services - Adults MH - Collaborative	1,548	1,554	(5)	6,063	6,046	18
Commissioning	1,061	1,062	(0)	1,061	1,061	0
MH - Non Contracted Activity	19	19	0	75	75	0
Mental Health Services - Other	447	446	1	1,895	1,895	0
MH - Specialist Services	205	244	(39)	822	822	0
Total - Mental Health	10,251	10,292	(41)	37,207	37,189	18

- To comply with NHS planning guidance the CCG has to demonstrate increasing investment in mental health through
 the annual Mental Health Investment Standard. In T&G we will exceed this target as part of our commitment to invest
 in mental health and deliver the ambition of the Five Year Forward View. Business cases are in place to deliver this
 ambition and spend will continue to accelerate throughout 19/20 and beyond. The forecast assumes that schemes will
 commence in line with plans, through this will be reviewed monthly for potential slippage.
- The NICHE phase 1 has now concluded and was described in the detailed paper that was presented to FQAG last month. The CCG initially had a reserve fund of £250k set aside in anticipation of rebasing the PCFT contract. Following additional work and analysis across the 5 main footprint CCGs, it has since been agreed that T&G CCG is likely to receive a contract price reduction following the re-apportionment of estates costs. NICHE have now embarked on Phase 2, which is to review and describe the key elements of a "good" clinical model for each of the four care areas, drawing on external evidence, existing plans and locality clinically led workshops. Work is ongoing through the PCFT finance subgroup to review the costing models and present findings.
- The Individualised Care packages are to be reviewed in month 4 and whilst the overall bottom line expenditure for the CCG is unlikely to change there may be movement between the Continuing Healthcare and Mental Directorates.

	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
Prescribing	9,102	9,101	0	41,646	41,644	2
Delegated Co-commissioning	8,324	8,205	118	34,371	34,287	84
Out of Hours	577	577	0	2,309	2,309	0
Local Enhanced Services	494	436	58	1,931	1,931	0
Primary Care Investments	332	331	1	1,377	1,377	0
Primary Care IT	344	289	55	1,376	1,376	(0)
Central Drugs	255	251	5	1,193	1,193	0
Medicines Management - Clinical	118	115	3	495	488	8
Oxygen	98	98	0	477	477	0
Commissioning Schemes	71	79	(8)	285	285	0
GP FORWARD VIEW	0	0	(0)	0	0	0
Total - Primary Care	19,716	19,483	232	85,460	85,366	93

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- Prescribing Although we currently only have one month of data, we can determine that the anticipated NCSO (No Cheaper Stock Obtainable) pressure has reduced, along with assumptions made around costs pressure relating to Easter which also haven't materialised. This has now offset the pressure from CAT M drug costs (where prices change to ensure a nationally negotiated profit margin, for pharmaceutical companies). A deep dive following Q2 prescribing data will be presented at FQAG in September. At Q1, we have banked £125k of TEP savings against an expected target of £1,225k. The schemes in place will pick up momentum as the year goes on, and there is little or no risk on achieving this target.
- **Delegated Co-Commissioning** Budgets have been set based on current commitments, and include an anticipated growth in list sizes through the financial year. There is currently a forecast underspend against Primary Care of £84k, in addition to a £462k reserve built into the Delegated Primary Care position. A paper will be taken to Primary Care Committee in September to consider potential investment proposals to ensure that the available funding is fully invested in Primary Care services in line with the CCG's strategic vision. This discussion will be balanced against the need to manage the required contingency planning for foreseen PCO Locum claims for maternity, suspension or sickness and also prudent consideration relating to notional rent increases, over and above the estimate made, knowing there is currently a backlog of premises reviews.

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	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	YTD Variance	Annual Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast Variance
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
CHC Adult Fully Funded	1,724	1,724	(0)	10,647	11,015	(368)
CHC Adult Joint Funded	134	134	(0)	536	447	89
CHC Adult Personal Health						
Budgets	608	608	(0)	2,434	2,130	304
CHC Assessment & Support	241	230	11	1,029	1,023	6
Children's CHC Personal Health						
Budgets	7	7	0	30	16	13
Children's Continuing Care	26	26	0	104	143	(39)
Funded Nursing Care	502	502	0	2,006	2,006	0
Total - Continuing Care	3,242	3,231	11	16,785	16,781	5

- Attough winter pressures in 2018/19 didn't materialise in terms of increased activity, the 2019/20 budget setting for Continuing Care assumes that 2018/19 was an anomaly and that placements will increase next winter in line with historic trends. Additional budget for previder uplifts and demographic pressures have also been included, as well as a provision for specific High Cost packages that the team were aware would impact on the 2019/20 financial position. We therefore feel that the overall budget for this area is adequate for the year ahead.
- At Month 3, £250k of the TEP/QIPP target has been met. This has been achieved through the continued work of the individualised commissioning team to review of packages of care and a continued focus the appropriate use of a Fast Track packages.
- There is an overspend on Adult PHB budgets and an underspend on Adult Commissioned packages budgets. This is due to the Default offer of PHB's being introduced since 1st April 2019 and there are more people now being offered a PHB. The budget will need amending over the year as new patients will now be funded as PHB's (Direct Payments and Notional budgets) rather than Commissioned packages as PHB's are the first offer to new packages.
- Demand continues to be the main driver of the uncertainty around Continuing Care. Although we have a good local market for care providers, the demand for placements and Home of Choice priorities will continue to put pressure on the budget. This is due to where suitable local provision cannot be found and placements external to T&G and GM are required to be sourced instead.
- Although the Continuing Care budgets are no longer under a formal recovery plan, they will continue to be monitored closely throughout the Financial Year.

	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
Community Services	8,275	8,278	(3)	31,942	31,956	(14)
Hospices	122	122	0	638	638	0
Wheelchair Service	52	52	(0)	438	438	0
Palliative Care	22	18	4	87	71	16
Total - Community	8,471	8,470	1	33,105	33,103	2

- The majority of the community services budget relates to services provided by the ICFT within the scope of the block contract. Payments are fixed and are not expected to change throughout the year
- Other services have delivered broadly in line with budget. The slight underspend on palliative care relates to a temporary change in working hours of the post holder.

	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
Better Care Fund	3,208	3,207	0	12,830	12,830	
Programme Projects	4,175	4,170	5	4,398	4,375	2
Property Services	801	801	0	4,254	4,254	(0
Patient Transport	298	308	(10)	1,193	1,212	(19
Commissioning Reserve	(279)	0	(279)	1,415	1,118	29
NHS 111	173	173	(0)	659	661	(2
Transformation Funding	581	581	0	581	581	
Safeguarding	128	123	5	513	509	
Clinical Leads	75	75	0	356	331	2
Nursing and Quality Programme	54	53	2	218	215	
Commissioning - Non Acute	26	(2)	29	106	76	2
nterpreting Services	14		0	54	54	
Total - Other	9,255	9,503	(248)	26,576	26,216	36

- **Programme Projects** Includes the increased contribution to the Integrated Commissioning Fund of £4,200 offset by smaller budget transfers to TEP for unrequired funding.
- Transformation Fund Following increased transformation funding received in 2018/19 the total funding for 2019/20 reduced by £3.8m to accommodate a re-profiling of expenditure on Support at Home. Forecast spend until programme completion has been adjusted accordingly and the outstanding £2,323k will be received equally for each quarter of 2019/20 (£581k at Q1)
- **Property Services** Work is still ongoing relating to outstanding disputes with NHS Property Services (NHSPS) some of which date back to FY 2017/18 'true up' charges. Budgets and forecasting is based on historic intelligence, with uplifts applied. This may result in a small benefit, should the challenges put into the system, come into fruition. We have been able to release recurrent TEP savings relating to Shire Hill Hospital, as well as the decanting from smaller clinics, totalling approx. £500k as part of the estates rationalisation plan.

		YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	YTD Variance £000's	Annual Budget £000's	Forecast Outturn £000's	Forecast Variance £000's
	Finance	239	238	0	996	970	27
	Commissioning	217	212	5	914	900	14
	QIPP	0	0	0	810	810	0
	CEO/Board Office	111	109	1	455	449	6
	ADMINISTRATION & BUSINESS						
	SUPPORT	65	63	2	387	341	46
	Corporate Costs & Services	66	64	2	280	280	(1)
	IM&T	70	70	(0)	280	280	(0)
	Chair & Non Execs	77	76	1	247	242	5
D	Communications & HR	52	52	0	208	209	(1)
ag	Nursing	35	34	0	138	136	2
Ф	Corporate Governance	31	32	(1)	126	126	0
Ź	Estates & Facilities	26	26	0	104	104	0
+>	General Reserve - Admin	0	0	0	1	99	(98)
	IM&T Projects	22	22	0	87	87	(0)
	Contract Management	16	16	0	64	64	0
	Human Resources	11	11	(0)	41	41	0
	Equality & Diversity	7	7	0	28	28	(0)
	Total - CCG Running Costs	1,044	1,032	12	5,164	5,164	0

- The CCG receives an earmarked allocation of £5,164k to fund running costs. We are not allowed to exceed this limit, but any underspend on running costs can be used to offset pressures across the CCG as a whole.
- Savings of £810k have been made YTD. £753k of this is recurrent and includes:
 - o Integration Benefits: Staffing e.g. single CEO, Co-location
 - Corporate Re-organisation (lay members & board)
 - o Renegotiated Contracts (e.g. GMSS, Audit, Vodafone)

Total running costs savings for 19/20 are forecast at £1,000k

Co-operative Council Update

Introduction

The Council has outlined its ambition to become a Co-operative Council and to join the Co-operative Councils Innovation Network (CCIN) in the 2019/20 municipal year. A report was presented to Executive Cabinet on 26 June 2019 for agreement to commence the process.

The CCIN is non-party political and by its nature encourages consensus across all parties represented on the council to work towards co-operative values and principles. A co-operative council follows a set of principles in the way services are developed and delivered in partnership with service users and the community.

Tameside Council will become part of a growing and influential network of councils committed to developing a new relationship with citizens. By becoming part of the network Tameside Council will:

- gain access to ideas and thinking on putting co-operative values and principles into practice
- be part of regional and national networks positioning Tameside Council as a national innovator helping to influence policy thinking at the national level
- share examples of projects and initiatives and learn from others about what works
- co-produce tools and techniques to support the development of co-operative approaches
- be invited to Co-operative Conferences around the country to meet and work with peers
- join an officer network who are leading the development of new approaches
- access to a cadre of public sector and local government leaders who are trying to bring change to their communities
- access a growing body of resources on the CCIN website
- profile Tameside Council's best practice and achievements nationally

Co-operative Councils Innovation Network (CCIN)

To become a member of the CCIN a number of tasks need to be completed, or have a clear intent to do so. In summary, an application to join the Co-operative Councils Innovation Network (CCIN) needs to show Tameside Council has:

- Discussed the cooperative council approach with other parties
- Taken an Executive Cabinet decision to endorse cooperative values
- Endorsed the values and principles of the Co-operative Councils Innovation Network (CCIN)
- Engaged with strategic partners, community partners and residents to discuss the co-operative approach
- Carried out internal corporate communication and public campaigns that demonstrate cooperative values and principles
- Adopted co-operative values in the approach to commissioning and procurement
- Discussed the co-operative council approach at Full Council
- Changed or have plans to change the council constitution to reflect co-operative values
- Evidenced examples of co-operative values and principles currently in use in service delivery

Tameside Council's application for membership will be reviewed, and decided upon, by the Executive Oversight Committee of the CCIN on 2 October 2019 at their Annual Conference "Developing Co-operative Councils – Building Co-operative Places" to be held in Rochdale.

Co-operative Values

Tameside has a long standing tradition of working in partnership with the community in a way that fits well with the required co-operative values and principles.

The tables below show existing links between the Co-operative Councils Innovation Network (CCIN) values and principles, the public service reform (PSR) ways of working that underpin the Corporate Plan ('Our People, Our Place, Our Plan'), and the STRIVE workforce values.

CCIN values and principles
Social partnership
Democratic engagement
Co-production
Enterprise and social economy
Maximising social value
Community leadership
New models of meeting priority needs
Innovation
Learning
Walking the talk

PSR ways of
working
New relationship with
citizens & communities
Asset based approach
Behaviour change
Place based approach
Wellbeing, prevention
and early intervention
Evidence led
New investment and
resourcing models

Members of the CCIN should also adopt cooperative values in their approach to commissioning. Tameside Council can show it has done this through both its membership of STAR Procurement and the adoption of Social Value Guidance in Commissioning.

Key elements of the STAR Procurement approach relevant to co-operative values and principles include:

- Responsible procurement strategy
- Social value
- Local investment

In addition to the above, in November 2018 the Tameside and Glossop Strategic Commissioning Board (SCB) adopted new Social Value Guidance. The guidance, developed in partnership with STAR Procurement, builds on the Greater Manchester Combined Authority Social Value Policy and the Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012.

Engagement & Communication

Engagement and co-production with communities is a key component of co-operative values. Given that, it is appropriate to engage with stakeholders and residents on the intention to become a Co-operative Council.

An elected member development session is planned for 5 September 2019, to facilitate understanding of the Co-operative Council work amongst all councillors, and to build a cross-party consensus.

Next steps for engagement include:

- Tameside Youth Council September 2019
- Strategic Neighbourhood Forums October 2019
- Tameside & Glossop Partnership Engagement Network (PEN) conference October 2019
- Tameside Co-operative Summit 3 October 2019
- Staff workshops
- Online survey for anyone to give views on the values & principles, thoughts on co-operative working now, and ideas / suggestions for future projects using co-operative values.
- Other events to be identified including (but not limited to): Age UK, Diversity Matters North West, Action Together, Grafton Centre, Cranberries, Tameside College, Ashton 6th Form College, Together Centre.

Agenda Item 7



ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE · AUDENSHAW · DENTON · DROYLSDEN · DUKINFIELD · HYDE · LONGDENDALE · MOSSLEY · STALYBRIDG

Domestic Abuse Services

Chair of the Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel

Councillor Teresa Smith

<u>DomesticAbuse.ReviewAudit@communities.gov.uk</u>

Tameside One Market Place Ashton-under-Lyne OL6 6BH

Email: Teresa.smith@tameside.gov.uk

Phone: 0161 342 2199 Ask for Paul Radcliffe Date: 1 August 2019

To whom it may concern,

Future Delivery of Support to Victims and their Children in Accommodation-Based Domestic Abuse Services.

I write on behalf of Tameside Council's Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel. The Panel seeks to submit a formal response to the consultation on the Future Delivery of Support to Victims and their Children in Accommodation-Based Domestic Abuse Services, which closes on 2 August 2019. This letter therefore aims to provide a summary of collective points and to express any areas of issue and concern. I would be extremely grateful if on receiving this letter you are able to take the appropriate action to ensure the response is suitably recorded and submitted to the consultation.

Domestic abuse is a complex issue and requires system-wide direction and leadership to address a range of contributing factors which include social, economic and health inequalities. In Tameside domestic violence and abuse remains a significant problem when we compare ourselves against national performance and statistical neighbours.

Recent data has shown a rise in the number of Tameside residents in need of support, which includes a 12 month increase of 17% in referrals to locally commissioned support services. Pressures have been identified in the number of high and medium level cases reported to the Police, as well as the amount of referrals to Children's Services. During 2018/19, Tameside Children's Services received more than 2700 referrals with a link to domestic abuse.

At a local level there have been unprecedented pressures with regards to year-on-year budget reductions and the impact on resource planning. Despite this, key stakeholders remain engaged and arrangements are in place to deliver a shared vision to pool budgets and jointly commission services.

The impacts of domestic abuse can be far reaching, with an ongoing need to support and nurture communities. The Council has recently refreshed its corporate priorities, with a commitment from elected members, senior leaders and partners to deliver improvements across the life course of residents.

A sector-led peer review was undertaken in Tameside during July 2019, which comprised interviews with over 30 partners and stakeholders, as well as a review of current strategic and operational documentation. Findings from the review will feed into the strategic planning for the assessment of need and to consider the equity of access to domestic abuse support services, part of which includes the demand for accommodation.

I have listed some of the main points below, which are to be viewed under the collective of Tameside's Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel

- In addition to the commissioning of support services, the guidance must consider and prioritise health determinants and the support that is made available to the perpetrators of domestic abuse.
- In the event that additional responsibility and accountability is placed on local authorities, there is a need for this to be accurately reflected in the future allocation of funding and resource for domestic abuse provision.
- To review a correlation that appears to exist between domestic abuse prevalence within
 an area and the number of residents failing to complete treatments for mental health,
 alcohol and substance misuse. When compared to statistical neighbours Tameside has
 a higher level of domestic abuse; higher number of dependent drinkers and lowest
 completions for alcohol and drug treatments.
- To be truly effective a partnership must monitor and address the role of treatment within the recovery process, with a long-term ambition to reduce reoffending and the demand for crisis interventions and accommodation.
- Without effective and influential leaders domestic abuse partnerships could not achieve
 the required influence. Council's may need to review current governance arrangements
 to ensure domestic abuse receives the required levels of leadership from elected
 members, senior managers and stakeholders.
- All partnerships need to maintain strategic and performance oversight for the commissioning of support and accommodation for domestic abuse. Early intervention and prevention must remain a priority in the way that support is co-designed and delivered.
- There remains a clear and obvious role for future guidance to emphasise and harness the ability of individuals and the wider community in identifying and reporting the early signs of domestic abuse.

If further clarity is needed on any of the above points, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully,

Councillor Teresa Smith
Chair – Integrated Care and Wellbeing Scrutiny Panel